



The Southerner.

TAWBORO': MAY 29.

FOR GOVERNOR,
John W. Ellis, of Rowan.
Election on Thursday, 5th Aug. next

Gubernatorial Appointments.

Judge Ellis has announced several appointments—he will address the people at Greenville on the 31st. Mr. McRae will be at that place at the same time.

Fourth of July.

A public meeting will be held at the Court House on Saturday at 4 o'clock, to make arrangements for celebrating our National Anniversary.

COUNTY CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce Col. H. T. Clark as a candidate for a seat in the Senate of the next Legislature.

We are authorized to announce Jno. S. Dancy, Esq., as a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons of the next Legislature.

From the Wilson Ledger.

The time being close at hand to select candidates to represent this and Edgecombe, our mother county, in the next Legislature, a large portion of the voters in this part of the county having consulted as to choice of candidates, take this method with all due deference to the feelings of their fellow citizens in the other parts of the county, to recommend Geo. Howard, Jr., of Wilson as a suitable person to represent us in the House of Commons. Mr. Howard is our first choice, and we earnestly recommend him to the favorable notice of the County Convention. Mr. Howard is a young man of much promise, a true and consistent Democrat, calculated to reflect credit upon himself, his native and adopted county.

Many Citizens.

Wilson, N. C. May 17.

Examinations and Concert.

The Annual Examinations in the Male & Female Academies, in this place were well attended on Monday and Tuesday last. Both Schools are in a flourishing condition, and deserve the patronage of the citizens of the town and county.

Miss S. E. Harris, (instructress in the Musical Department of the Female Academy,) gave her first Concert on Monday evening, which went off to the entire satisfaction of a well-filled room. Fine taste showed itself in the selection of the pieces, and superior capacity in the performance of her pupils.

To these young ladies, not regularly connected with the School, who volunteered their services on the occasion, thanks are due and are hereby tendered, for the very commendable spirit exhibited and to say that their performance merits the highest compliment, but feebly expresses the general sentiment of the auditors.

We tender to Miss Harris the compliment of saying, this Exhibition was by considerable the most creditable we have witnessed for several years.

The proceedings closed with a neat and happy effort from Major F. D. Foxhall, the Orator of the evening, who said many good things for the cause of education and many pretty things especially dedicated (and deservedly too) to the fairer portion of his audience. The Major's manner was decidedly fine, at times oratorical, his language chaste and elegant and told well upon his listeners.

A Hop in Academy Hall succeeded the Concert, to the fine music of the brass colored Tawboro' band. The gay cotillion and voluptuous waltz were pursued with great devotion till the small hours of morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen's School.

We learn that the Examination and Concert in Mr. and Mrs. Owen's School,

passed off in a manner highly creditable to all parties. The Musical Department of this School is likewise presided over by Miss Harris, who exhibited her good taste and good management in the arrangement of the Programme.

Col. W. R. Cox delivered a neat and pertinent Valedictory to the young Ladies at the close of the Concert. It was a decided hit, chaste and elegant in tone and language, and handsomely delivered.

Judge Biggs, who has a daughter at this deservedly popular School, and his brother Jos. D. Biggs, Esq. were present. The Judge being called upon, made a few happy and appropriate remarks.

The rooms were crowded to excess, but the evening was spent pleasantly and agreeably.

Male Department.

The Examination of the Pupils in the Male Department of the Tawboro' Academy, under the superintendence of Mr. H. B. Farrar, was held on Tuesday last. We did not attend, but understand that the Students acquitted themselves in a satisfactory manner.

Judge Biggs.

This distinguished gentleman stopped a short time with us this week, on his return from holding a Special Term of the U. S. District Court at Wilmington. He is in fine health and spirits. The Journal says:

We understand that the promptness, business tact and sound judgment of Judge Biggs, gave the utmost satisfaction to all concerned, and that all congratulate themselves on having really and truly a United States District Court in North Carolina.

County Court.

Our County Court was held this week. No case worthy of special notice was presented, and it adjourned on Thursday, having gone through the docket.

FOR THE SOUTHERNER.

Mr. Editor: It is said of Dionysius the tyrant, that he stripped the statue of Jupiter Olympus of a robe of mazy gold, and substituted a cloak of wool, saying gold is too cold in winter and too heavy in summer. It behooves us to take care of Jupiter.

I propose to make a few observations for your paper and my purpose for so doing, is to endeavor to illustrate the course of some men in our State, who have recently sprung up under the name of Distribution Democrats, by the conduct of this same Dionysius.

It is evident I think, that the ostensible object of the Syracusean, was to induce his people to believe, that his act was for the benefit of their God and country, and it is equally as evident, I take it, that his latent object was to possess himself of the robe of gold, that he might appropriate it to his own uses for we are told that he did strip the statue, but we are not told that he ever used the gold to advance the prosperity and happiness of his subjects.

The framers of our national constitution, the men who had just escaped the fires of the Revolution, laid the foundation of a government, which has been pronounced by all their posterity, to be a model for all governments. They promulgated principles, which at the time of their promulgation seemed to be experimental, but their after success have demonstrated to the world, their utter practicability. The Democratic party by the advocacy of a strict construction of the constitution, and by a true observance of the principles that impelled to its formation, has raised our country to its present proud position among the nations of the earth, and has forced from some of its once bitterest enemies the confession that it is the only national party in the Union. Perhaps had the more latitudinarian doctrine of its opponents prevailed, we would not now hold our proud position, and that the experiment of our forefathers would have proved an entire failure. In its onward march to prosperity and greatness, our country has now extended its limits from the shores of the Atlantic to those of the Pacific, and the natural consequence of this expansion is, that she has made great acquisitions of territory, and by deeds of cession from some of the States of the Union, has come in possession of a large quantity of public lands.

The policy of the government from its incipency, in reference to these lands, has been to use the proceeds of their sales for the purposes of revenue, and the funds arising from this source has enabled her to pay off from time to time a portion of the public debt, there-

by lessening the burdens of the States, and notwithstanding the great clamor about "the squandering of the public lands," they have been a great source of profit to the government, and have been indirectly a great benefit to the States. In fact they may be compared to the robe of gold which the tyrant which the tyrant of Syracuse stripped from the statue of Jupiter Olympus.

It seems to me, at the same time I confess, I may not be keen sighted in this respect, that any other disposition of the proceeds of the sales of these lands, would be inconsistent with the constitution, and in direct violation of the provisions of the deeds of cession; for they provide, that all lands ceded to the general government, "shall be considered a common fund for the use and benefit of the States," and to adopt the language of the distinguished Carolinian who is now no more, "it is manifest that the government, as their agent or trustee, can have no right to distribute among them, for their individual separate use, a fund derived from property held in their united and federal character, without a special power for that purpose, which is not pretended." This seems to me to be unanswerable.

But there are men, in our State at this time, who are not quite so distinguished, and I must say possessing not quite so much talent and experience as did Mr. Calhoun, who say that the true policy of the government now is, to distribute the proceeds of the sales of these lands, or the lands themselves, among the States. The experience of the country has shown, that this scheme is totally impracticable, and it would be placing very little confidence in the wisdom of the statesmen of this country to believe that a scheme so impracticable should ever succeed; I conceive that the agitation of this question at the present time, is peculiarly unfortunate, for its only tendency is to distract and divide the only national party in the country, and if this and other causes, which are being linked together, for this purpose, should break the force and conservative influence of this party, then our ship of state, which has so nobly borne us over the waves, will founder in the seas of fanaticism, and amid the storms which designing men have blown up, and no one can tell her ultimate destiny.

Although this scheme of Distribution may be impracticable, yet it has plausibility and popular elements within its bosom. Men desiring promotion can readily see this, and they are willing to strip the States of their golden robe, proclaiming to the people, that it is for their good, but like the old Syracusean they have an ostensible and a latent object. "It behooves us to take care of the State." NEW BURG.

FOR THE SOUTHERNER.

Distribution of the Public Lands—its corrupting influence.

The following statement, if correct, furnishes a specimen of what the practical effect would be if North Carolina was to receive her share of the public lands. There would be a scramble with the Railroad companies of N. C. which should get the largest slice.

Great Exposure in Wisconsin—Official corruption. We find in the Milwaukee News a synopsis of the report of the committee of the Wisconsin Senate upon the question of the amounts expended during the session of the Legislature of 1856, to secure the passage of the bill appropriating the lands granted by the U. States to Wisconsin for Railroad purposes among the several roads. The great effort was to get a portion of the lands for the Milwaukee and La Crosse Railroad. According to this report, all who voted for the land grant, directly or indirectly, received bonds or stock valued at from \$5,000 to \$25,000. The total amounts paid are said to have been as follows:

Governor of the State,	\$50,000
Governor's private Secretary,	55,000
State officers	20,000
Supreme Court,	1,900
13 State Senators,	200,000
63 Assemblymen,	385,000
Legislature Clerks,	17,000
Editors and others,	261,000
Grand total,	\$689,900

This amount of bonds was given to secure the passage of the bill, and it will strike the public very strongly that it must be a profitable thing to hold office in Wisconsin. These bonds however are worth little or nothing now, and the present managers of the company repudiate them. Human nature is the same in North Carolina that it is in Wisconsin, and from the deep-rooted and wide-spread corruption that prevails in the present day, we might expect every kind of corruption and bribing would be resorted to by the different Rail Road Companies to determine which should have the largest share. But says one, the State ought to have the land. Should the State

ever receive her share of the public lands, it would not benefit the mass of the people one cent, but would go into the hands of Rail Road Companies and Speculators.

A Voter.

Congress.

In the Senate, Mr. Hunter, from the Committee on Ways and means, reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to create a loan of \$15,000,000.

The President transmitted on the 26th, to the Senate, in response to a resolution of that body, several official papers, relating to a subject that is now engrossing attention throughout the country—the search and seizure by British cruisers of American vessels.

In the House, the question of the admission of the Representatives from Minnesota was taken up, and the resolution admitting Messrs. Kavanaugh and Phelps to seats adopted.

From the Raleigh Standard.

We have heard the charge of J. A. Englehardt, Esq., delivered to the Grand Jury of this County on Tuesday last, spoken of in very complimentary terms. Mr. Englehardt's delivery is clear and forcible; and the charge evinced a mind well imbued with a knowledge of the points of law which he presented to the Jury. The Chairman of the Court, in some additional remarks to the Jury, alluded in highly complimentary terms to Mr. Englehardt's charge. We learn that Mr. E. contemplates residing in Edgecombe. We regret to lose him, but congratulate the Edgecombe bar and people upon the acquisition of a worthy and promising young man.

Wilson Ledger.

William H. Bunn, Esq., has retired from the political department of this paper, and Mr. A. D. Tumbro has taken his place. Mr. Tumbro has addressed himself to his duties with spirit and energy, and will no doubt acquit himself well. He is a sterling Democrat and a worthy young man. We wish the Ledger much success.

Raleigh Standard.

Foreign.

Late news from Europe.

New York, May 23.—The steamer City of Washington arrived this afternoon, with dates from Liverpool to the 12th inst.

Cotton had advanced an eighth in price. Breadstuffs dull and declining. Resolutions have been proposed in the British House of Commons by Mr. Callwell, and in the House of Lords by the Earl of Shaftsbury, censuring the government for the publication of their dispatch to the Governor-General of India in regard to his proclamation to the people of Oule. Lord Ellenborough assumed all the responsibilities and resigned. His resignation was accepted. The resolutions were to be considered the day after the steamer sailed.

The fourth Bengal Light Infantry, 160 strong, have been brought to a court-martial, and sixty sentenced to be hanged, whilst the remainder are to be transported for life. Colonel Sear's forces have beaten the enemy, taking three guns. R. Hildland is in possession of the rebels, who are said to be 100,000 strong.

Calcutta drtes have been received to April 19, but are unimportant.

A hot weather campaign in Rohilcund was deemed inevitable. All was quiet in China.

Markets.

TAWBORO', MARKET, May 28.
Turpentine—Dip, \$2 00 to 2 10.
Serape, 35 to 40 cts. per 100 lbs.
Tar, \$1 00 to \$1 10.
Corn, \$2 75 to \$3 00 per bbl.
Cotton, 10 to 11 cts.
Bacon, 12 to 13 cts.
Lard, 11 to 12 cts.

Washington Market, May 25.
Turpt. is very dull and receipts light. We give as near the quotation as possible, in the absence of any large sales.
Dip Turpt. \$2.75, Serape do. 1.65, Tar 1.25, Rosin 90c. Spirits Turpt. 41c.

Corn, sells readily at 60c per bushel at retail. Cotton, no sales.
Bacon, hog round, 12 1/2 cents.
Lard, 10 1/2 to 11 cents.

Wilmington Market, May 26.
Dip Turpentine—Virgin is selling at \$4.00; Yellow, \$2.75; Hard, 1.65.
Tar, \$1 60 to 1 65.
Corn, 65 to 67 cents.
Cotton, 11 to 11 1/2 cents.
Bacon, hog round, 13 to 14 cents.
Lard, 13 to 14 cents.

Petersburg Market, May 26.
Carefully corrected weekly by N. M.

Martin, Bro. & Co., Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 129 Sycamore street.

Cotton—The transactions in this article were heavier to-day, with sales of some 250 to 300 bales, at prices ranging from 10 1/2 to 11 1/2 for low to good grades.

Corn—60 cents.

Bacon—There is no material change to note in prices. Demand slightly increasing.

Lard has declined. We quote Va. and N. C. in kegs, 12 1/2 a 13 cts; do. in bbls. 12 1/2 cents, at wholesale.

Exchange on New York is now down to 1 1/2 per cent.

Guano—We quote No. 1 Peruvian, \$56 to \$57 per ton of 2000 pounds.



Land for Sale.

THE tract of Land belonging to John P. Tillery & Brothers, is now offered for sale. The Land is situated on the north side of Bech Swamp, in Halifax County.

About one and a half miles from Edgefield and containing

Six Hundred Acres, more or less.

About one third of the Tract is Swamp Land. It is well timbered with Pine, Oak, Hickory and Cypress. There is about one hundred acres of open Land now in cultivation, good Dwelling and other out Houses on the premises, and a well of good water. The Land is under a good fence and lies well for improvement.

Persons wishing to purchase land and "good Land," will do well to examine this. We will take pleasure in exhibiting this property to any who may desire to examine it at any time. Buyers will do well to call soon as we are determined to sell.

Any information relative to above Land will be given by John P. Tillery at Rocky Mount, L. H. B. Whitaker and Andrew Hunter, Knifield, No. Ca.

John P. Tillery & Bro.
Rocky Mount, N. C. May 21st 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the business of Boating on Tar River, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. G. L. Brown is fully authorized to collect all claims or demands owing to the concern, and he will pay all the debts of the concern. Gray Cobb
May 25, 1858. Gray S. Brown.

Stop that Horse.



STRAYED off from my residence, on Monday, the 24th inst., a cream-colored Mare, rather under the medium size, with a flax mane and tail—the foretop is cut off. I will satisfy any person that will take her up and drop me a few lines at Tawboro'. Any information respecting her whereabouts will be thankfully received.

John W. Knight.

May 27th, 1858.

Raleigh Weekly Standard will insert until otherwise directed.

Persons.

DESIROUS of witnessing F. L. Bond's Grand Display of Fire Works in Tawboro'.

On the 3rd July next, will find the subscription list at the store of Mr. S. S. Hicks—\$125 subscribed will guarantee a magnificent Pyrotechnical Exhibition. May 20, 1858.

Hugh Macnair

HAS just received a fresh supply of New Goods,

Including a fine Assortment of Family Groceries,



Of every description, which will be sold at unusual low rates. Call and examine. Tawboro', May 20, 1858.

Molasses.

25 bbls Cardenas Molasses, 25 " "English Island" new crop do. For sale by A. A. Willard, Washington, N. C. May 8, '58.

Sugar.

50 bbls common brown Sugar, 25 " light " and coffee do. For sale by A. A. Willard, Washington, N. C. May 8, '58.

NEW GOODS!!
NEW GOODS!!
NEW GOODS!!!
NEW GOODS!!!!

CHEAP GOODS!!
CHEAP GOODS!!
CHEAP GOODS!!
CHEAP GOODS!!

A GOOD STOCK!!
A GOOD STOCK!!
A GOOD STOCK!!!
A GOOD STOCK!!!!

Hugh Macnair,
Hugh Macnair,
Hugh Macnair,
Hugh Macnair,
Tawboro', April 15, 1858.

Land Plaster, Lime and Molasses.

THE subscriber informs the citizens of Edgecombe county, that he will keep constantly on hand,

In Tawboro',

Land Plaster and Lime, and Molasses by the barrel, in quantities to suit purchasers, and at very low prices—or on a short credit to punctual customers.

Also, just received, a few barrels of prime Ocean Shad—a lot of Whole Herring, Cement, Plaster of Paris, &c.

Willie Watson.
Tawboro', March 20, 1858. 11

Tarboro' Academy.

THERE will be an Examination of the Pupils in the Female Department of this Institution on Monday, the 24th day of this month and in the Male Department, on Tuesday the 25th day.

The next Session will commence on Monday, the 7th day of next month, under the management of Mr. H. B. Farrar in the Male Department—and of Misses Anna L. Dodge and Sarah P. Harris in the Female Department.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
Jno. Norfleet, Sec'y.

Tarboro', N. C. May 12th, 1858.

Mr. & Mrs. Owen's SCHOOL.

THE present Session will close with a Public Examination on the 25th and 26th inst. And a new Session will begin on Wednesday, the 3rd of June.

Tawboro', May 20, 1858.

Commencement.

THE Annual Commencement of Louisburg Female College.

Will take place on the first Wednesday in June next.

The Rev. Thos. E. Skinner, of Raleigh, will preach the Valedictory Sermon—and the Literary Address will be delivered by Edward Conigley, Esq., of Halifax.

At night, a Grand Musical Concert will be given by the Young Ladies of the Institution.

The Public are solicited to attend. Louisburg, May 15th, 1858.

D. P. Gregg, D.D.S.

18 in Tarboro', and ready to perform Dental operations for those who may wish to patronize him. Nov. 16, 1857.

Flour.

100 bbls Flour, various brands and qualities, for sale by A. A. Willard.

Washington, N. C., May 8, '58.

To all whom it may Concern.

THE undersigned having recently made discovery of

A remedy for Piles.

Offers his services to the citizens of Edgecombe and adjoining counties. Charges \$5—No cure, no Pay. If he should return, he will cure for nothing. He has not yet failed in a single case, though some have been cases of long standing, and very painful. His address is Rocky Mount, Edgecombe county, N. C. D. P. S. Hicks.
April 20, 1858.

Chickering & Son's Pianos.

THE subscriber, resident of Wilmington, N. C., being agent for the above firm, will be in Tawboro' on the 24th inst. Persons wishing to buy Pianos will do well to call on him, as he sells for cash only and cheaper than any body else; this firm being the only firm, having received \$2 different Prize Medals at different Fairs.

Pianos Tuned and Repaired.

All orders left at Geo. Howard's office promptly attended to.
T. A. E. Bohmstedt, Piano Tuner.
Wilmington, N. C., May 23, 1858.